

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name

609-3 - Activator for Headlight, 8.16 **Product no.** 609-3 **REACH registration number** Not applicable

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture Hardener for clearcoat headlight repair

Uses advised against

The full text of any mentioned and identified use categories are given in section 16 **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company and address

HBC System Smarttool Production ApS Hobrovej 961-963 9530 Stövring Denmark tel:+45 70 22 70 70

Contact person

Vibeke Jørgensen

E-mail

info@hbc-system.com SDS date 2016-07-12 SDS Version

1.0

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Use your national or local emergency number See section 4 "First aid measures"

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Acute. Tox. 4; H302 + H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT SE 3; H335

See full text of H-phrases in section 2.2. 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





3.1/3.2. Substances/Mixtures

NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION: NOTE:	Poly Hexamethylene Diisocyanate CAS-no: 28182-81-2 EC-no: 927-271-6 REACH-no: 01-2119485796-17 25-40% Acute Tox. 4, STOT SE 3, Eye Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1 H317, H319, H332, H335 P
NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION: NOTE:	n-butyl acetate CAS-no: 123-86-4 EC-no: 204-658-1 REACH-no: 01-2119485493-29 Index-no: 607-025-00-1 15-25% Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3 H226, H336, EUH066 S
NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION:	p-xylene CAS-no: 1330-20-7 EC-no: 215-535-7 Index-no: 601-022-00-9 10-15% Flam. Liq. 3, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2



H226, H312, H315, H332 S
Ethylbenzene CAS-no: 100-41-4 EC-no: 202-849-4 Index-no: 601-023-00-4 5-10% Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 4, STOT RE 2, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 3 H225, H304, H332, H373, H412
S
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS-no: 108-65-6 EC-no: 203-603-9 REACH-no: 01-2119475791-29-xxxx Index-no: 607-195-00-
5-10% Flam. Liq. 3 H226
S
hexamethylendiisocyanat CAS-no: 822-06-0 EC-no: 212-485-8 Index-no: 615-011-00-1 <1% Acute tox. 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, Resp. Sens. 1, Skin Sens. 1, STOT SE 3 H315, H317, H319, H331, H334, H335 IS
p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate CAS-no: 4083-64-1 EC-no: 223-810-8 Index-no: 615-012-00-7 <1% Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, Resp. Sens. 1, STOT SE 3 H315, H319, H334, H335, EUH014 I

(*) See full text of H-phrases in chapter 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available. S = Organic solvent P = Prepolymer isocyanate I = Isocyanate monomer

Other informations

 $\label{eq:action} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{ATEmix(inhale, vapour) > 20} \\ \mbox{ATEmix(inhale, dust/mist) = 3,432 -} \\ \mbox{ATEmix(inhale, dust/mist) > 20000} \\ \mbox{ATEmix(dermal) > 2000} \\ \mbox{ATEmix(oral) = 1107,448 - 1661,172} \\ \mbox{Eye Cat. 2 Sum = Sum(Ci/S(G)CLi) = 2,8 - 0} \\ \mbox{Skin Cat. 2 Sum = Sum(Ci/S(G)CLi) = > 1 - 1,44} \\ \mbox{N chronic (CAT 4) Sum = Sum(Ci/M(chronic)i*25*0.1*10^{CAT4}) = 0,16 - 0,24} \end{array}$

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor, if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms continue. Never give an unconscious person water or similar.

Inhalation

Get the injured person into fresh air. Make sure there is always someone with the injured person. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. If the person stops breathing, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, roll the injured person onto side with the top leg bent at both knee and hip. Call an ambulance.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes at once. Skin that has come in contact with the material must be washed thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes. Call a doctor.

Ingestion

In the case of ingestion, contact a doctor immediately and take this safety data sheet or the label from the material with you. If the person is conscious, give them water. DO NOT try to induce vomiting, unless this is recommended by a doctor. Hold head facing down so that no vomit runs back into the mouth and throat. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. Give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if breathing stops. If unconscious, roll the injured person onto side with the top leg bent at both knee and hip.



Call an ambulance.

Burns

Rinse with water until the pain stops and continue for 30 minutes.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.

Sensitivity effects: This product contains substances which can give an allergic reaction on contact with skin. The allergic reaction will typically set in 12-72 hours after exposure as the substance penetrates the skin and reacts with proteins in the outer skin. The body's immune system sees the chemically changed protein as a foreign body and will try to destroy it.

Sensitivity effects: This product contains substances which can give an allergic reaction when inhaled. The allergic reaction allergy will typically set in an hour after exposure and give an inflammatory reaction in the lungs.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances which cause irritation to skin and eyes, or when inhaled. Contact with locally irritative substances can cause the area of contact to be more prone to absorb damaging substances such as allergens.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbonic acid, powder, water mist. Water jets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, as in the case of fire, dangerous catabolic substances are produced. These are: Carbon oxides. Fire will result in thick black smoke. Exposure to catabolic products can damage your health. Fire fighters should use proper protection gear. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not let fire-extinguishing water run into sewers and other water courses.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid inhalation of vapours from waste material. Avoid direct contact with spilled substances. Stores that have not ignited must be cooled by water mist. Where possible, remove flammable materials. Make sure there is sufficient ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

No specific requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use sand, sawdust, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth to contain and collect non-combustible absorbent materials and place in container for disposal, according to local regulations. Cleaning should be done as far as possible using normal cleaning agents. Solvents should be avoided.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section on "Disposal considerations" with regard to the handling of waste. See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for protective measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for information on personal protection. Avoid direct contact with the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities



Always store in containers of the same material as the original. Must be stored in a cool and ventilated area, away from possible sources of combustion.

Storage temperature

No data available.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications described in Section 1.2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

OEL

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (EH40/2005) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 50 ppm | 274 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 100 ppm | 548 mg/m3 Comments: Sk (Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.)

Ethylbenzene (EH40/2005) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 100 ppm | 441 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 125 ppm | 552 mg/m3 Comments: Sk (Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.)

n-butyl acetate (EH40/2005) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 150 ppm | 724 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 200 ppm | 966 mg/m3

DNEL / PNEC

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 102,34 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 960 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 960 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 480 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 480 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 859,7 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 102,34 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 859,7 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - General population

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 35,6 mg/L Exposure: Sewage Treatment Plant

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,18 mg/L Exposure: Freshwater

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,018 mg/L Exposure: Marine water

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,36 mg/L Exposure: Intermittent release

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,981 mg/kg



Exposure: Freshwater sediment

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,0981 mg/kg Exposure: Marine water sediment

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,09903 mg/kg Exposure: Soil

8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the stated exposure limits values should be checked on a regular basis. General recommendations

Observe general occupational hygiene.

Exposure scenarios

If there is an appendix to this safety data sheet, the indicated exposure scenarios must be complied. **Exposure limits**

Trade users are covered by the rules of the working environment legislation on maximum concentrations for exposure. See work hygiene threshold values below.

Appropriate technical measures

Airborne gas and dust concentrations must be kept as low as possible and below the current threshold values (see below). Use for example an exhaust system if the normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient. Make sure that eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked.

Hygiene measures

Whenever you take a break in using this product and when you have finished using it, all exposed areas of the body must be washed. Always wash hands, forearms and face.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible collect spillage during work.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



Generally

Use only CE marked protective equipment.

Respiratory Equipment

If the ventilation at the work place is not sufficient, use a half or whole mask with an appropriate filter or an air-supplied respiratory protector. The choice depends on the concrete work situation and how long you will be using the product.

Skin protection

Special work clothing should be used. When working with this product for a long period of time, use a protective suit.

Hand protection

Use protective gloves. The concrete work situation is not known. Contact the suppliers of the gloves for help on the glove type. Please note that elastic gloves stretch when used. The thickness of the gloves, and therefore their penetration time, will be reduced. Moreover, the temperature of the glove in use is about 35°C, while the standard test, EN 374-3, is done at 23°C. The penetration time is therefore reduced by a factor of 3.

Eye protection

Phase changes

Use safety glasses with a side shield.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Form Colour Odour pH Viscosity Density (g/cm3) Liquid Colourless Characteristic



Vapour pressure (mm Hg)

Self ignition (°C)

Melting point (°C)	Boiling point (°C)	
- Data on fire and explosion ha	zards	
Flashpoint (°C)	Ignition (°C)	
24	-	
Explosion limits (Vol %)	Oxidizing properties	
-	-	
Solubility		
Solubility in water	n-octanol/water coefficient	
Insoluble	-	
9.2. Other information		
Solubility in fat	Additional information	
-	N/A	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

ç

- No data available
- 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in the section on "Handling and storage".

- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
 - No special
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid static electricity. Do not expose to heat (e.g. sunlight), because it can lead to excess pressure. **10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reductants agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Route of exposure Substance **Species** Test Result p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate Rat LD50 Oral 2234 mg/kg Intraperitoneal p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate LD50 Rat p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate Rat LC50 Inhalation > 640 ppm LD50 8532 mg/kg 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat... Rat Oral > 5000 mg/kg 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat... Rabbit LD50 LD50 Intraperitoneal 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat... Guinea pig 750 mg/kg Ethylbenzene Rat LD50 Oral 3500 mg/kg Ethylbenzene Rabbit LD50 17,8 mL/kg LD50 Ethylbenzene Intraperitoneal Guinea pig 2.624 mL/ka n-butyl acetate Rat LD50 Oral 10768 g/kg n-butyl acetate Rabbit LD50 > 5000 mg/kg > 6400 mg/kg n-butyl acetate Rat LD50 Oral Inhalation 2000 ppm n-butyl acetate Rat LC50 n-butyl acetate Rat LC50 Inhalation 21.1 mg/l/4h Poly Hexamethylene Diisocyanat... 18500 mg/m3 Rat LC50 Inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available.

Carcinogenicity

No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



STOT-repeated exposure No data available.

Aspiration hazard No data available.

NO Gala available

Long term effects

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.

Sensitivity effects: This product contains substances which can give an allergic reaction on contact with skin. The allergic reaction will typically set in 12-72 hours after exposure as the substance penetrates the skin and reacts with proteins in the outer skin. The body's immune system sees the chemically changed protein as a foreign body and will try to destroy it.

Sensitivity effects: This product contains substances which can give an allergic reaction when inhaled. The allergic reaction allergy will typically set in an hour after exposure and give an inflammatory reaction in the lungs.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances which cause irritation to skin and eyes, or when inhaled. Contact with locally irritative substances can cause the area of contact to be more prone to absorb damaging substances such as allergens.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Substance	Species	Test	Test duration	Result
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat	Fish	LC50	96 h	120 ug/L
Ethylbenzene	Crustacean	LC50	96 H	13000 µg/L
Ethylbenzene	Daphnia	EC50	24 H	2200 µg/L
Ethylbenzene	Fish	LC50	96 H	14000 µg/L
n-butyl acetate	Daphnia	EC50	24 H	205 mg/Ľ
n-butyl acetate	Fish	LC50	96 H	100 mg/L
n-butyl acetate	Crustacean	LC50	48 h	32000 ug/L
12.2. Persistence and degradabil	ity			
Substance	Biodegradability Yes		Test	Result
n-butyl acetate			No data available	No data available
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential				
Substance	Potential bioaccumulation		LogPow	BFC
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat	No		0.56	No data available
Ethylbenzene	Yes		3.15	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

n-butyl acetate

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat...: Log Koc= 0,521864, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.). Ethylbenzene: Log Koc= 2,572885, Calculated from LogPow (Moderate mobility potential.). n-butyl acetate: Log Koc= 1,487982, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.).

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

12.6. Other adverse effects

This product contains substances which can cause undesirable long-term effects in the water environment, due to its poor biodegradability. This product contains substances which can accumulate in the food chain because they are bioaccumulative substances. Bioaccumulative substances can accumulate in fat tissue and are not easily secreted.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The product is covered by the regulations on dangerous waste.

No

Waste

EWC code

1,78

No data available



Specific labelling

Contaminated packing

Packaging which contains leftovers from the product must be disposed of in the same way as the product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

This product is covered by the conventions on dangerous goods.

roduct is covered by the conventions on dangerous goods.				
14.1 – 14.4				
ADR/RID				
14.1. UN number	1866			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3			
14.4. Packing group	III			
Notes	-			
Tunnel restriction code	D/E			
IMDG				
UN-no.	1866			
Proper Shipping Name	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable			
Class	3			
PG*	III			
EmS	F-E, S-E			
MP**	No			
Hazardous constituent	-			
UN-no.	1866			
Proper Shipping Name	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable			
Class	3			
PG*	111			

14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available

- (*) Packing group
- (**) Marine pollutant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application

People under the age of 18 must not be exposed to this product cf. Council Directive 94/33/EC. **Demands for specific education**

The user of this product must have taken special training in working with polyurethane and epoxy products. Additional information

Sources

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 92/85/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding.

Council Directive 94/33/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of young people at work. EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

EC regulation 1907/2006 (REACH).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH014 - Reacts violently with water.

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

Other symbols mentioned in section 2

Other

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version)) is marked with a blue triangle.

The safety data sheet is validated by

- kbb
- Date of last essential change (First cipher in SDS version)

Date of last minor change (Last cipher in SDS version)

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